# THE WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES GRIEVANCE BOARD ANITA EDWARDS, Grievant,

v.

# Docket No. 2019-0719-MISC

## DAYS INN,

# Respondent.

#### **DISMISSAL ORDER**

On December 31, 2018, the Grievance Board received a *Grievance Form for Levels 1, 2, and 3* Ms. Edwards filed against "Days Inn" alleging a hostile work environment.

By letter dated January 15, 2019, the undersigned notified Ms. Edwards that "Days Inn" appeared to be a private corporation and did not appear to be an employer subject to the grievance procedure. The undersigned instructed Ms. Edwards to respond, in writing, by January 30, 2019, stating why the grievance should not be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction. Ms. Edwards did not respond to the letter.

# Synopsis

Grievant was employed by "Days Inn," a private corporation, which is not an employer subject to the grievance procedure. The Grievance Board lacks jurisdiction in this matter. Accordingly, the grievance is dismissed.

The undersigned makes the following Findings of Fact:

# **Findings of Fact**

1. Grievant is employed by "Days Inn" and grieves an alleged hostile work environment.

2. "Days Inn" is a private corporation.

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# Discussion

"Each administrative law judge has the authority and discretion to control the processing of each grievance assigned such judge and to take any action considered appropriate consistent with the provisions of W. VA. CODE § 6C-2-1 *et seq.*" W.VA. CODE ST. R. § 156-1-6.2 (2018). The administrative law judge may dispose of a grievance through an appealable dismissal order. W.VA. CODE ST. R. § 156-1-6.19.3.

"Administrative agencies and their executive officers are creatures of statute and delegates of the Legislature. Their power is dependent upon statutes, so that they must find within the statute warrant for the exercise of any authority which they claim. They have no general or common-law powers but only such as have been conferred upon them by law expressly or by implication." Syl. Pt. 4, *McDaniel v. W. Va. Div. of Labor*, 214 W. Va. 719, 591 S.E.2d 277 (2003) (citing Syl. Pt. 3, *Mountaineer Disposal Service, Inc. v. Dyer*, 156 W. Va. 766, 197 S.E.2d 111 (1973)). "The purpose of [the grievance statute] is to provide a procedure for the resolution of employment grievances raised by the public employees of the State of West Virginia, except as otherwise excluded in this article." W. VA. CODE § 6C-2-1(a). "'Employer' means a state agency, department, board, commission, college, university, institution, State Board of Education, Department of Education, county board of education, regional educational service agency or multicounty vocational center, or agent thereof, using the services of an employee as defined in this section." W. VA. CODE § 6C-2-2(g).

Grievant is an employee of "Days Inn" and filed this grievance alleging a hostile work environment. "Days Inn" is a private corporation and is not an "employer" as defined by West Virginia Code § 6C-2-2(g). "Days Inn" is not subject to the grievance procedure.

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Therefore, the Grievance Board lacks jurisdiction in this matter, and the grievance must be dismissed.

The following Conclusions of Law support the dismissal of this grievance:

# **Conclusions of Law**

1. "Each administrative law judge has the authority and discretion to control the processing of each grievance assigned such judge and to take any action considered appropriate consistent with the provisions of W. VA. CODE § 6C-2-1 *et seq.*" W.VA. CODE ST. R. § 156-1-6.2 (2018).

2. "Administrative agencies and their executive officers are creatures of statute and delegates of the Legislature. Their power is dependent upon statutes, so that they must find within the statute warrant for the exercise of any authority which they claim. They have no general or common-law powers but only such as have been conferred upon them by law expressly or by implication." Syl. Pt. 4, *McDaniel v. W. Va. Div. of Labor*, 214 W. Va. 719, 591 S.E.2d 277 (2003) (citing Syl. Pt. 3, *Mountaineer Disposal Service, Inc. v. Dyer*, 156 W. Va. 766, 197 S.E.2d 111 (1973)).

3. "The purpose of [the grievance statute] is to provide a procedure for the resolution of employment grievances raised by the public employees of the State of West Virginia, except as otherwise excluded in this article." W. VA. CODE § 6C-2-1(a). "Employer' means a state agency, department, board, commission, college, university, institution, State Board of Education, Department of Education, county board of education, regional educational service agency or multicounty vocational center, or agent thereof, using the services of an employee as defined in this section." W. VA. CODE § 6C-2-2(g).

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4. As Grievant's employer is a private corporation not subject to the grievance procedure, the Grievance Board lacks jurisdiction in this matter, and the grievance must be dismissed.

Accordingly, this Grievance is **DISMISSED**.

Any party may appeal this Order to the Circuit Court of Kanawha County. Any such appeal must be filed within thirty (30) days of receipt of this Order. See W. VA. CODE § 6C-2-5. Neither the West Virginia Public Employees Grievance Board nor any of its Administrative Law Judges is a party to such appeal and should not be so named. However, the appealing party is required by W. VA. CODE § 29A-5-4(b) to serve a copy of the appeal petition upon the Grievance Board. The Civil Action number should be included so that the certified record can be properly filed with the circuit court. See also W. VA. CODE ST. R. § 156-1-6.20 (2018).

DATE: March 8, 2019

Billie Thacker Catlett Chief Administrative Law Judge